Overview of the Thai Tone Rules

Every syllable of every Thai word has one of the five tones. Tone is determined by:

- The class of the initial consonant.
- Whether the vowel is long or short.
- The sound of the final consonant.
- The presence of a Thai tone mark.

You should know the consonants by class, the sound they make in both initial and final position, and the length and sound of all the vowels before you attempt to learn the tone rules.

We use the length of the vowel and the sound of the final consonant to determine whether a syllable is "dead" or "live". A dead syllable has a sound that abrubtly stops, where the sound of a live syllable fades away slowly.

Dead syllables:

consonant + short vowel consonant + short vowel + stop final consonant + long vowel + stop final

Rule: Any syllable that ends in a short vowel or a stop final consonant is **dead**.

Live syllables:

consonant + long vowel

consonant + long vowel + sonorant final consonant + short vowel + sonorant final

Rule: Any syllable that ends in a long vowel or a sonorant final consonant is **live.**

